## MR. BRYAN ON HIS FUTURE.

EVENTS MUST DETERMINE WRETHER HE SHALL RUN AGAIN.

Speech at a Banquet Tendered to film by the Jeffersonian Club of Lincoln-To Discuss the Old Issues in His New Paper - Ex-Candidate Kerns of Indiana Slaps at Cleveland and Bryan Seems to Enjoy the Attack.

LINCOLN, Neb , Dec. 26 .- The Jeffersonian Chib of Lincoln, a new organization, tendered Mr. Bryan a complimentary banquet to-night at the Lincoln Hotel. Three hundred representatives of Western Democracy surrounded the late candidate for President and cheered roundly every word of praise hestowed upon him and every prediction as to his future ascendancy in Democratic

Next in interest to Mr Bryan's speech which was the last on the long list, was that of J. W. Kerns, late Democratic candidate for Governor of Indiana. Mr. Kerns's un complimentary reference to ex-President Cleveland met with an instantaneous response from the assembled diners, and it was noticeable that though Mr. Bryan did not join with them he did not enter any word of protest. In fact, he seemed to enov the remark.

The dining room was draped in flags and bunting surrounding portraits of Jefferson, Jackson and Bryan. Mr. Bryan responded to the toast, "Principles live." He spoke in part as follows:

"At this banquet, surrounded by neighbors who have been my political friends for ten years, I may be pardoned for saying a word of a personal nature. Five times you have voted for me for public office, twice for Congress, once for the United States Senate and twice for the Presidency, and no candidate ever received more loyal support than

"Whether I shall ever be a candidate for office again is a question which must be de-

"No one can speak with certainty of the future, for one's destiny is not known until his life's work is complete. I shall be content if it is my lot to aid in the triumph of

accomplishment of a purpose.

"The Presidency seemed desirable because it would have enabled me to give effective aid to certain reforms which I believe to be necessary to the public welfare; but defeat, even a second defeat, does not lessen my in-terest in those reforms, and time may prove that my work is to advocate rather than to

The Commoner [Mr. Bryan's new paper] will

"The Commoner [Mr. Bryan's new paper] will give me an opportunity to participate in public discussions, and I am sure that an editorial position will furnish as much intellectual enjoyment as I could have found in the White House and in addition thereto give me more time for home p easures.

The principles for which we contended in the last campaign still live, and we who believe in them must continue to fight for them. An election does not change principles, it only determines what principles shall be, for the time being, applied.

it only determines what principles shall be, for the time being, applied.

The believers in tariff reform did not abandon their faith when the high tariff doctrine was indorsed at the polls, neither did protectionists when their cause suffered loss. The advocates of the gold standard continued the fight for monometallism for twenty-five years in spite of the platform declarations of all parties in favor of a double standard; shall we who believe in bimetallism lose courage because our opponents have brofited by

shall we who believe in bimetallism lose courage because our opponents have profited by an increased volume of money, thus admitting the economic principle for which we have been contending?

The defenders of trusts did not lose heart when all parties denounced combinations in restraint of trade, shall we give up the fight because monopoly has triumphed by stealth?

fight because monopoly has triumphed by stealth?

"Must we now advocate an imperial policy because our opponents have won a victory by cenying that they are imperialists?

"A colonial system involves a surrender of our theory of government, and the people will understand this as soon as the system is put into operation. If we were to consult our immediate convenience and comfort, we would never oppose wrons of any kind for all warfare involves a temporary sarrifice, but this is our Government and must be transmitted unimpaired to posterity. We have no choice, therefore, but to stand steadfast, come what may

no choice, therefore, but to stand steadfast, come what may "If we are successful in reversing present fendencies and in carrying the Government back to its old foundations we shall rejoice in the victory and profit by the reforms secured. I am confident that we shall ultimately win, but if the trend toward plutocracy cannot be checked it is still better that we should be defeated in a righteous undertaking than that we should join hands with those who are ignoring the inalienable rights of man. Among other things Mr. Kern said: "The Democratic party is to-day holding no pariev with deserters, its ears are closed against words of advice gratuitously offered by alleged Democrats who vote the Republican ticket or by those who in the great struggle alleged Democrats who vote the Republican tleket or by those who in the great struggle of 1800 withheld both vote and voice from the cause of the people and could see in that mighty contest only a 'painful and distressing situation. During the next four years the best thought and most conscientious efforts of Democratic leadership should be exerted to bring about harmony within our ranks and to bring about harmony within our ranks and a perfect union of all the forces opposed to the revolutionary scheme of the party in

a perfect union of all the forces opposed to the revolutionary scheme of the party in power.

He spoke in praise of Olney, Hill, Cockran and other Gold Democrats, then he took this direct shot at Cleveland:

"It is in no spirit of bitterness, however, I add that there were a few men, once prominent in Democratic ranks, who in the midst of all the stormy scenes of this mighty contest, remained unmoved and silent, except that now and then they took occasion to furnish aid and comfort to the enemy by making public denial that they were in sympathy with the cause of the people, or to express their regrets that such 'paintul and distressing issues were before the people. For the sake of the future welfare of the party I shall attempt no harsh criticism of the course of these gentlemen, but I will not forbear saying here and everywhere that they need not be surprised if any gratuitous coursel which they may seek to thrust upon the millions of loyal Democrats who fought the good fight and kept the faith shall fall upon reluctant ears."

Tt is the rank and file," he continued, "which, tired of the domination of a few men, in 1806 literally took possession of the Democratic party and made it in every sense a party of the people. This rank and file, ever steadfast, always abounding in Democratic faith, asks no chance save the chance to vote its sentiments and to follow Democratic leadership which never regards a Republican victory as necessary to establish.

cratic faith, asks no chance save the chance to vote its sentiments and to follow Democratic leadership which never regards a Republican victory as necessary to establishment of true Democratic principles.

Speaking for the Democratic principles.

Speaking for the Democratic of Indiana and, I believe, for the rank and file of the Democracy everywhere, I want to say to all men who are interesting themselves in party organization or reorganization that any attempt in any quarter at any time to belittle the splendid and heroic service rendered by that magnificent leader and grand tribune of the people, William Jennings Bryan, in the campaigns of isse and 1990, or to cast stigma or reproach upon him in any degree, however slight, will meet with quick and stern rebuke from the millions of Democrats who followed his banner in those memorable contests. While the rank and file of the gre t Democratic party has honored other leaders, it loves William J. Bryan and will tolerate no action which contemplates his humiliation or looks to his retirement from the field of active politics.

Other toasts responded to were: "Commercialism a Menace to Liberty," W. M. Morning, Lincoln: "The Press," R. L. Metcalf, Omaha: "What Pusion Has Done for Nebraska," Gov. W. A. Poynter: "Our Friends at Home and Abroad," the Rev. T. W. C. Cheesenand, Ashland, "Reorganization," David Overmeyer, Kansas, "The Reign of Hypocracy," J. R. Ladd, Illinols: "Missouri Democracy," Mayor J. A. Reed, Kansas City.

From New York, Royal Blue five hour trains, leave foot of Liberty street, 11:30 A. M., 1:00 P. M., and the "Royal Limited"—no excess fare—at 3:40 P. M. Other fast solid trains at 8:00, 10:00 A. M., 1:50, 5:00, 7:00 P. M. and 12:15 night. Leave South Ferry 5 minutes earlier. Best dining and cafe car arrived in the world—Ada.

him Then he'd had a bottle of Evans' Ale .-- Ade.

Says It's Dangerous This Would Shut Out Many Autos. Including the White Chost

Alderman McEneancy, the chairman of the poard's Committee on Fire Department, prosented a resolution yesterday which provides any individual to "use or have in his possession any of the compound known as gasolene, it any house, building, store, or on any street avenue or highway of New York city," and that the penalty for each violation of the ordinance be a fine of \$25

Mr. McEneaney explained that he introduced the resolution because so many accidents had been caused by the use of gasolone If it should become an ordinance if would be illegal to run any gasolene automobile in this

The proposed ordinance was referred to

the Fire Department Committee Members of the Automobile Club were inclined to regard Mr. McEneaney's proposition as a joke and it was the general opinion that such an ordinance could not be enforced. One member, who withheld his name, said:
"Under the United States law touching high combustibles on passenger steamaking assolutions. "Under the United States law touching high combustibles on passenger steamships gasolene carriages have not been allowed on ferryboats. Quite recently this club sent a delegation to Washington to see whether this regulation as regarded gasolene automobiles could not be done away with, but they failed. I think that it is highly likely that the attempt to pass this ordinance may have grown out of the United States law, which is solely a maritime one" ich is solely a maritime one."

H. Flagter, President of the Automobile

ompany, said: "I do not believe such an rdinance would be upheld by the courts, not I can see no reason for its enactment do not consider the gasolene automobiles

I do not consider the gasolone automobiles at all unsafe."

J. M. Hill, general agent for the Electric Vehicle Company, said: "Forbid gasolone machines! Preposterous! The gasolone machine is, next to the electric, the safest on the market."

W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr.'s. "White Ghost" is driven by gasolone. Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt and A. C. Bostwick use both gasolone and steam autos. Here are some of the possessors and users of gasolene autos.

David Wolfe Bishop, J. F. D. Lanier, C. J. Field, Royal Pheips Carroll, V. Everit Macy, Jefferson Seilgman, J. Dunbar Wright, Clarence G. Dinsmore, Alexander Winton, Alexander Fisher, J. Grant Lyman, George F. Chamberlain, George Isham Scott, John D. Zabriskle, V. O. Krieger, J. C. McCov.

Steam; The present preferences of other

Zabriskie, 1 O. Krieger, J. C. McCov. Steam: The present preferences of other automobilists are: John Jacob Astor, August Belmont, J. Livermore, A. Gordon Norrie, George R. Bidwell, F. H. Benedict, Prof. F. R. Hutton, Herman Oelrichs, John Betaker, Walker principles while others enjoy the honors and bear the responsibilities of office.

"The holding of public position should be an incident and not the aim of the citizen: it should be not an end, but the means for the

roughs. The class those who go in heartly for automobiles are still experimenting with different types of machines. Some of them have stables in which are to be found a variety of machines and it would be unfair to consider them as theroughly committed to any type. The classification as given, refers to the style of machines which the owners most frequently use.

#### ANOTHER BALTIMORE BANK CLOSES. Receiver for the Old Town Institution -Unwise

Loans the Cause of Suspension. BALTIMORE, Md., Dec. 26. - Several of the directors of the Old Town Bank of this city asked for a receiver for that institution this evening and Roger T. Gill, counsel for the bank, was appointed. The announcement caused surprise among the business people near the bank, it being one of the oldest in the city. Up to 3 o'clock deposits were received notwithstanding that there was a run on this bank at the time. Immediately after he doors were closed the Executive Comtitlee of the Clearing House held a meeting at which the condition of the bank was inrestigated. According to the statement submitted by the directors the bank's surplus of \$154,000 was obliterated, but the capital stock of \$150,000 is unimpaired.

The losses are attributed to the unauthorized acts of the cashier. Theodore Wilcox, who, it is charged, loaned large sums to isanc Robinson, the packer who failed recently for \$800,000. Money was also invested in the United Milk Producers' Association, which is also in trouble. These facts became public several days ago and many of the depositors becoming slarmed withdrew their money to-day. Fearing that the run would be continued, the directors asked for a receiver. In the last statement of the bank the deposits were \$900,000, all of which were secured.

The proposition is now made to merge the bank into a national bank. E. C. Hipsley, one of the oldest residents of East Baltimore, is President of the bank.

#### PORTO RICAN PROFESSOR HELD UP At Ellis Island Because He Has No Money-His Plea, Citizenship.

Alfonso Gomies y Stanley, who described inself as a professor of mathematics in his native land of Porto Rico, is detained at the immigrant station on Ellis Island because seeks to enter the country penalless. Stanley says that he spent eight months as an interpreter at the Paris Exposition. He contends that he is an American citizen because Porto Rico is now under the American flag. He exhibited the following letter:

"Paris, Dec. 13, 1900.

"I take pleasure in recommending the bearer of this note. Mr. Alfonso Gomies y Stanley, a learned and respectable Porto Rican gentleman, who is proceeding to New York with a view of finding employment.

"Secretary of the United States Embassy at Paris."

Paris.
Stanley's case will be referred to the Treasy Department for adjudication and may
rait the pending decisions of the United

#### WORK ON THE NORTH RIVER TUNNEL. Calssons Being Pumped Out in Anticipation of a Visit From English Capitalists.

Alderman William Barr of Jersey City, a member of the Cochrane & Barr Machine Company, said yesterday that a committee representing a syndicate of English capitalists is expected to arrive here about the middle of January next, for the purpose of inspecting the Hudson River tunnel, work on which was abandoned years ago. Mr. Barr said that the capitalists would provide \$1,000,000 for the completion of the tunnel if engineers representing the syndicate conclude that the work can be done satisfactorily. He said that his firm, which has twenty-three men at work at the Jersey City entrance to the tunnel pumping out the caissons, was acting in behalf of a New York engineer. Mr. Barr said that work on the New York side of the tunnel had been in progress for some time. of January next, for the purpose of inspect-

PATERSON, Dec. 26 .- Samuel Wyckoff was ined \$5 to-day by Justice Vandervate for killing a cat belonging to Cornelius Tanis of 77 Hamburg avenue. The cat had make the nights hideous for Wyckoff by its vocal efforts on the back fences, and Wyckoff took the law into his own hands. Wyckoff took the law into his own hands. Wyckoff an nomenad that he would appeal to the Court of common Pleas on the ground that he was privileged to defend his right of slumber against a trespasser. against a trespasser.

### Scarlet Fever in J. D. Rockefeller's Home TARRYTOWN, N. Y., Dec. 23 .- At the home of John D. Rockefeller this evening it was

of John D. Rockefeller this evening it was said that the two children of Mr. and Mrs. Harold McCormack, who are suffering from scarlet fever, are steadily improving. The children were taken ill on Saturday and are under the care of Dr. R. B. Coutant of Tarrytown and Dr. Hoyt of New York. The house is quarantined. Mr. and Mrs. Rockefeller are very anxious about their grandchildren's condition. E. Parmiee Prentiss and Miss Alta Rockefeller are at the Rockefeller homestead.

Every day in the year the Overland Limited leaves Chicago 6.30 P. M. via the shortest route, Chicago and Northwestern, Union and Southern Pacific Italiways, and arrives San Francisco 6.45 P. M. third day. Through double drawing room, sleeping cars, buffet, library car (with barber) and dining cars. Full information at Northwestern line office, 461 B'way.—Adv.

NEW PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLICAN COUNTY COMMITTEE.

that it shall be illegal on and after Jan 1 for A Lawyer and an Indefatigable Worker Who as Candidate for City Court Justice Ran Ahead of His Ticket Last Pall-Came Up From the Ranks in the Party.

> Sepator Thomas C. Platt said last evening that a number of prominent members of the Republican County Committee had informed him that they thought that the Hon Robert Morris of the I wenty-ninth Assembly district would make an excellent President for the Republican County Committee for 1901 Senator Platt added that he thought that Mr Morris would be elected at the meeting of the committee to be held this evening at the Murray Hill Lyceum. The Twenty-ninth Assembly district had presented Mr. Morris's name through its executive member and leader, the Hon. Alexander T. Mason, and all the Republicans in that important district seemed to be very favorably inclined to him.

"Mr. Morris is a Republican and, I am informed, an excellent executive officer." said Senator Platt. "I have been informed that all of the Republicans in the Twenty-ninth are for him and that there is no opposition to him. Mr. Mason, Chairman Ten Eyck, Capt. F. Norton Goddard, National Committeeman Frederick S. Gibbs and other Republicans of prominence have spoken favorably of him. I saw Mr. Gibbs this evening and he informed me that William Brookfield was in favor of Mr. Morris. So I guess the committee will elect him at its meeting to-morrow night, and I think he will make an excellent Presi-

National Committeeman Gibbs said that Mr. Morris is a man who took hold of things in which he interested himself with the idea of mastering every detail, and that he would unquestionably so apply himself to the hard work which awaits the successor of Gen. Greene. Mr Morris has been a Republican worker in the Twenty-ninth district for the last five years He made his first appearance as a volunteer worker at the polls and showed a disposition to hustle in the interests of the party which attracted the attention of the election district captain and the men higher up in the organization. He did so much hard work that he was promoted to the post of assistant captain in the election district, and later he became captain. His district last

assistant captain in the election district, and later he became captain. His district last year was the strongest Republican election district in the Twenty-ninth.

In addition to running his own election district and taking an interest in the affairs of the Twenty-ninth. Mr. Morris found time in the Presidential campaign to establish and conduct the Republican Chib's Bowery branch for three months previous to election day. He was the Chairman of the Republican Club's Campaign Committee, and in this way most of the hard work of holding two meetings a day six days; in the week for twelve weeks fell on his shoulders. When the County Convention was held he was nonlinated for Justice of the City Court by the Republicans, running against Delehanty, the Tammany candidate, who was forced on the Hall by ex-Senator Edward Murphy. Jr., of Troy. Delehanty was elected but Morris polled 3,000 votes more than the rest of the ticket.

Mr. Morris is 25 years old. He comes from a family of lawyers, his father and grandfather having been engaged in the practice of that profesion. He was graduated from Yale College, and in 1800 from the Yale law school he was admitted to the Connecticut bur. He spent two years in Europe studying Continential jurisprudence. In 1802 he received the degree master of laws from Yale, and in the following year he was made doctor of civil law. In 1804 he came to this city, and in the following year the Connecticut University Invited him to lecture on the French law before the law department. He retains this lectureship. Mr. Morris's practice in this city has been largely in real estate law. He is a member of the Bar Association, the Order of the Cincinnati, the Loyal Legion, the Turedo Club, the Lakewood Country Club. The yellowing service in the sedership Mr. Mason has determined to retain the leadership of the Twenty-ninch district. Mr. Mason wanted to retire from his leadership of the Guith have time enough to devote to the detail work, and it was expected that John Wesley Jacobus would make a good P

## No Less Than Thirty Reported in Kentucky -A South Carolina Assassination.

LEXINGTON, Ry . Dec. 26.-Reports show that on Christmas Day there were thirty deaths from violence in various parts of the State This is a record which has not been equalled in years. The killings were con-fined to the smaller towns and country districts and not to the cities, where saloons are closed on Christmas Day. The killing from which the most serious results are expected was that of E. T. Garrard, son of Gen. T. T. Garrard, leader of the Garrard-White feud faction in Clay county. He was shot in a fight near Manchester by Dill Holland, also connected with one of Clay county's

also connected with one of Clay county's feud families. It is feared that this will cause another outbreak.

COLUMBIA. S. C., Dec. 26.—Of the numerous Christmas murders reported in this State the assassination of William Rosbrough at Winnsboro last night was the most shocking. The killing occurred within a hundred yards of the Baptist Church where Rosbrough had been attending a meeting of the deacons. About 10 o'clock William Smith, the negro sexton, summoned Rosbrough from the meeting, saying some one wished to speak with him across the street. As he did not return his companions supposed he had returned home. In the fusiliade of "cannon" crackers the report of a shotgun had not been noticed. This morning the body was found in a grove near the church where the assassins and cobbers had dragged it.

## \$30,000 BREACH OF PROMISE SUIT. New Jersey Brewer's Son Sued by a Chicago

Woman He Met in Hoboken. Suit for breach of promise of marriage has been begun against Charles Peter, the son of William Peter, a wealthy brewer of Union Hill, N. J. for \$30,000 damages, by Miss Freda Lippert, whose home is in Chicago. According to Miss Lippert's statement, she met Mr. Peters while living at Busch's Hotel, Hoboken, on July 8 last, after her return from a visit to relatives in Germany. Relying on his promise, she set up housekeepng with him, she says, at \$10 Park avenue, Hoboken, where they were known as Mr. and Mrs. Charles Lippert. On Dec. 5, last, he left her and when she saw him a few days later he told her that he had married another woman, she says. Miss Lippert instructed Counsellor Alonzo W. Letts of Hoboken to begin suit. A warrant was issued for Peter's arrest, but surrendered himself and is under bail

### Thirty Days in Jail for Swearing BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Dec. 26.-The Antiwearing Society of this city caused the

arrest of William Burke charged with violating a State law and a city ordinance in using profane language in a public place. He was sent to juil for thirty days.

## RIVERSIDE, Conn. Dec. 26.—Oscar Anderson, one of the survivors of the Maine explosion and Miss Belle Hutchin were married ere last night by the Rev. William Davids

Deerfoot Farm Sausages made of the tender meat of little pigs and choice spices. You have never tasted anusage in perfection unless you have tried them. Beware of imitation.—Ads.

ALDERMAN WANTS . D HAR GASOLENE. MORRIS IN GREENE'S PLACE. P. J. BRENNAN HUN OVER ON BROADWAY In a Hospital With a Broken Leg and Other

Injuries Hit by Runaway Cab Horse. Peter J. Brennan, a well-known contractor living at 788 West End avenue, was knocked down and run over by a runaway cab horse last night while crossing Broadway at Thirtyfourth street. His right leg was broken and he was badly bruised

Mr. Brennan was crossing to the west side of Broadway when the cab ran him down He struck the asphalt with great force. One wheel of the cab went over his body and the other over his right leg. He was picked up unconscious and carried into a store from which he was moved to the New York Hospital.

Edward Hammill of 668 Sixth avenue, the driver of the cab was locked up in the West Thirtieth street police station. He was driving a patron of the Waldorf-Astoria to the Broadway Theatre and his horse becoming frightened in turning into Broadway at Thirty-fourth street had boiled. Witnesses say that a passing elevated train scared the animal

Mr. Erennan is 50 years old and has a office at 63 West Twenty-second street.

BIG CAPTURE BY BOERS Squadron of Yeomanry Reported Taken Near Britstown Not Officially Reported.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Dec. 27 .- The news from South Africa is fragmentary and adds little to the

knowledge of the situation. Gen. Kitchener has left Naauwpoort and gone northward His destination is unknown. An unofficial report from Cape Town says

that a squadron of Yeomanry, who were pursuing the Boers who retired from Britetown, were ambuscaded by the burghers and that several were killed and wounded and the rest captured. The War Office denies any knowledge of the affair. There is a report that a British force mis-

taking 300 Boers at Roolpoort, near Burghersdorp, for Brabant's Horse withheld their fire and shortly found themselves in a very tight corner. Their commander extricated them with the loss of one man captured and one wounded. The British lost six horses. It is stated that the Boers lost a number of horses and had several men killed and wounded. It is reasserted that the Dutch colonists

ontinue to hold themselves aloof from the invaders and although the presence of the latter in Cape Colony renders the position serious confidence is felt in the final result. Mr. Duplessis, a member of the Afrikander Bond and of the Cape Assembly, has sent a letter to the electors of Cradock expressing sympathy for the Boers, but urging the Dutch colonists to remain calm and quiet

and not to forget that they are British subjects. A telegram from Maseru, Basutoland dated Dec. 24, brings the first news concerning Gen. De Wet that has been received for some days. It asserts that the Br tish are keeping him constant y on the move. His horses are getting worn out and many of them have been abandoned. It is added that the Ladybrand district has been cleared

of Boers, who went northward. A despatch to the Times from Wellington states that the Sixth New Zealand contingent, of whom half are Maoris, will sail in three weeks from Weilington for South Afrea. The expenses of the contingent will be met by the Imperial Government.

The employment of Maorie is likely to raise protests in Great Britain.

CAPE Town, Dec. 26 .- Owing to the invasion of Cape Colony by the Boers, traffic has been stopped on the western line beyond Victoria West, on the midland beyond Cradock and on the eastern line beyond Stormberg.

who commanded the Canadian contingent in South Africa, and who has just returned, has the highest opinion of the military ability of the ubiquitous Boer General, De Wet. Col. Otter said to-day that De Wet was equal if not superior to nearly all of the British Generals. Col. Otter thinks the newspaper reports as to the number of men with De We should as a rule be discounted about 80 per

#### EXPECTS DELAY ON SOME DEMANDS. Spanish Minister Thinks Punishments and In demnities Will Be Debated.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Dec. 27.—A despatch to the Morning Post from Pekin, date Dec. 24, says that the condition of Li Hung Chang has somewhat improved. It adds that Seno Cologan, the Spanish Minister, says that delay is improbable over the acceptance by the Chinese of a majority of the demands presented by the Powers. He foresees, however, the possibility of a long discussion regarding the punishments and indemnities, even suggesting that the negotiations on these points will drag along for a year or

more. Mr. Conger, the American Minister, takes a more hopeful view. He considers that a settlement will be effected, but declares that none of the Ministers will recognize the Em-press Downger officially, although they are aware that she has exercised supreme power for some time. Mr. Conger regards the initiation of reforms as likely to be an outcome of the orisis.

The correspondent further says that the Magistrate of Yung Ching has sent a messenger asking for a British force to protect the inhabitants of that place, who, he says are in serious danger from bandits and Boxers. He declares that 147 of the residents have already been killed and 11,000 taels extorted from him, of which amount 7,000 taels was part of the indemnity he had agreed to send

## SHENG TO BE PEACE ENVOY. Report That He Has Been Ordered From Shang-

hat to Pekin. Special Cable Despatch to THB SUN

LONDON, Dec. 27 .- A despatch to the Times from Shanghai says it is stated that Sheng. Director of Railways and Telegraphs and Sub-Director of the Imperial Clan Court, has been appointed to assist in the peace negotiations. He will go to Pekin forthwith.

The Standard's correspondent at Shanghai says that the reports of a Mohammedan repellion in Kansu are confirmed, but it is stated that the Viceroy remains in Lanchau-fu, the capital of the province, with 30,000 Hunanese troops.

## GERMANS IRRITATE BRITISH

Former's Activity in Districts Not Under Their Control Causes Complaint. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Dec. 26.—A despatch to the Pall Mall Gazette from Pekin says the activity of the Germans in districts under British control has caused much irritation. The feeling is so acute that the question has been raised of the British seceding from the allied

## Pechorr Bras Bock the beer that was awarded Grand Priz (highest award) at Paris. Now on draught.—Ade.

Ever Satisfactory - Always Acceptable. Evans' Excellent Ale and Stout-Everywi CHINESE CALL FOR PEACE.

COURT URGED TO ACCEPT THE TERMS OF THE POWERS AT ONCE.

Bellef in Pakin That the Emperor and Empress Downger Are Ready to Do So Desire to Resume Civil Government in Pekin Li Hung Chang Better German Minister and Waldersee at Odds Over Precedence.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. From a Staff Correspondent.

PERIN. Dec. 26 .- There is no question about the feeling of the Chinese regarding the preliminary demands of the Powers; at least, so far as the Commissioners are There is unquestionable authority for the statement that the Chinese Commissioners forwarded to the Court with the demand note a statement that in their opinion the Throne should accept the terms immediately. They said that the Imperial palaces, ancestral halls and tombs of the Emperors were all in the hands of the foreigners, a condition of affairs which is a disgrace to the Manchu dynasty. Furthermore, expeditions are, being sent to all parts of the country, killing Chinese and taking money from the officials.

More of these expeditions are projected, and the Commissioners are helpless to stop them until the treaty is signed. The tremendous bill for the maintenance of the foreign soldiers is growing daily. The Powers are united in their demands, and it is promised that China will have finally to agree to all their terms. To quibble will only delay what is inevitable, and the Government might as well agree quickly. Therefore the Commissioners advise the throne that the note should be signed immediately

Chinese officials do not talk thus frankly unless they know that their advice is acceptable. Should they venture to do otherwise they would be beheaded. The fact that this advice has been given is taken by those who know the Chinese as an indication of the

quick acceptance of the demands. It is reported to-day that Li Hung Chang and Prince Ching have decided to request the aid of the allied military authorities in the reestablishment of civil government in Pekin. The request will be made as soon as the Throne agrees to comply with the conditions laid down in the demand note. It is known that this plan has been discussed | the application for their extradition. by the Commissioners for some time, but t is impossible to verify the report that they will ask the aid of the foreign military of-

Li Hung Chang's health is improving, and it is probable that he will be out in a few

days. A question of precedence between Field Marshal Count von Waldersee and Dr. Mumm von Schwartzenstein, the German Minister, is creating considerable stir The question has been an open one ever since the arrival of the Germans here. Hecause of its existence the Minister has never invited Count von Waldersee to the public dinners at the German legation, and neither of them has attended the dinners given at the homes of the other Ministers. Knowing the feeling between them, the Ministers have not invited each other to dinners where they knew Count von Waldersee would be a guest.

The first break occurred last week, when Mr. Squiere, Secretary of the American Legation, secretly invited a number of Ministers to a dinner. The question of precedence between the military and diplomatic representatives of Germany was referred to them before the invitations were issued. The Russian and Spanish Ministers agreed that Count von Waldersee should have the place of honor. Dr. Mumm von Schwartzenstein Satow, the British Minister, issued invitations for a dinner on Dec. 80, at which Count von

Several of the Ministers will be present but Dr. Mumm von Schwartzenstein has not been invited. It is explained that at this dinner Count von Waldersee will reply to the toast in virtue of his being made the guest of honor. This, however, does not settle the dispute. Dr. Mumm von Schwartzenstein in discussing the matter insists that he should reply to toasts to the Kaiser of Germany and that Count von Waldersee should remain silent.

# FIGHT WITH CHINESE TROOPS

French Report a "Battle" and Von Walderse Orders the Force Destroyed. Special Cable Deepatch to THE SUN. From a Staff Correspondent.

PERIN. Dec. 26.-Field Marshal Count von Waldersee notified the various commanders of the allied forces yesterday that a company of French soldiers encountered 2,500 Chines Imperial troops on Dec. 22 at a point about thirteen miles east of Ashoban. In a fight which followed the French are said to have captured five flags, four guns and twenty calseons. Many Imperial troops are said o have been killed. The Chinese retreated toward Kuanshin, and at last accounts the French were preparing to follow them. In his note Commander-in-Chief Waldersee requests the commanders of the various troops to look out for this Chinese force and. If pos-

elble, to destroy it. This announcement on its face looks serious, but there is no doubt that, like previous ficial accounts of fights with the Chinese regular soldiers, the report of this affair is an exaggeration. It is noticeable that no mention is made of any French casualties. This has been the case in all the battles be tween the foreign troops and the Chinese during the past three months. The foreigners always fight against overwhelming numbers, according to these reports, and many Chinese are slaughtered, but the allies do

not even have any men wounded This latest French "battle" is probably like the one the Italians had in the same neighborhood last month. The Italians on that occasion reported that they had encountered 2,000 Imperial troops and that a flerce battle ensued. As a matter of fact, the Chinese troops were peaceful and were endeavoring to avoid the foreigners who pursued them and killed as many as they could catch. There is not a single case record where foreign soldiers have been attacked by Chinese troops since a month after the relief of Pekin. But there have been repeated instances where Imperial troops, who were presumably endeavoring

troops, who were presumably endeavoring to restore order, have, while avoiding foreign troops, been attacked by the latter and all who were caught killed.

The logical result of this policy is that the country is overrun by bandits, and outrages on foreigners and others are constantly reported. The demand of Fleid Marshal Count von Waldersee that the Imperial troops who had the engagement with the French shall be destroyed looks bad in view of the fact that the peace negotiations have actually begun, but it is probable that the order issued by the Commander-in-Chief will have a tendency to hasten the acceptance of the peace proposals by the Chinese Government.

LONDON, 1962, 19.—Onicial reports received in Berlin and Paris from Pekin show that the designation of the town near which the correspondent of The Sich reports an engagement between French and Chinese Imperial troops as Ashoban is apparently an error for Chochan. The French report states that the French force, which was commanded by Gen. Hailloud, was attacked by Chinese regulars and Boxers and that one thousand of the Chinese were killed. The French burned the town and several villages.

Ivers & Pond Piance Especially desirable because of the singing of their to. At Chandier's, 439 Fulton st., Brooklyn, -Ade.

WIFE CARRIES OFF HER CHILDS Sensation in Indianapolis Over an Ex-Attorney

General's Missing Grandson. INDIANAPOLIS, Ind . Dec 26 Mrs. Samuel D. Miller, whose husb nd is ex-Attorney-Gen er il Miller's son, took away her little boy bot efternoon and is supposed to have fled from the

Mrs. Miller was a Miss Karoher of New York Seven year ago she was married to Miller Washington, D. C. The young couple came to this city, where Mr Miller was socially rominent, in i they resided here for tw years. Then Mrs. Miller per-uaded her husband to'go back to New York, and he practised law there. They resided there for two or three years. Then young Mr. Miller came back here and joined his father's law firm. While the young couple have not been living together there has never been any talk of a divorce and no papers have been flied to that end.

Two or three days ago Mrs. Miller came here and registered at the Denison Hotel She had two or three interviews with her husband and was allowed to see the child two or three times She arranged this afternoon for the nurse to bring the child to the hotel. Mrs. Miller secured a cab and ostensibly started for a drive. The nurse became suspicious and jumped from the carriage. Mr. Miller was notified at once. Every effort has been made to locate the mother and child, but up to a late hour tonight not the slightest trace of either can be found. It is believed that Mrs. Miller started for New York

#### TEXAS FAILS TO GET ROCKEFELLER. Gov. Roosevelt Declines to Honor a Requisition for the Millionaire

AUSTIN, Tex., Dec. 26.-Another application for the extradition of John D. Rockefeller and other members of the Standard Oil Company, who are wanted in Texas to answer to the charge pending against them in the McClennan county district court of violating the Texas Anti-Trust law, was made by Gov. Sayers on Gov. Roosevelt of New York a few days ago. County Attorney Cullen Thomas, who forwarded the application, has just received a letter from Gov Roosevelt, declining to grant the application for the extradition of the accused parties He says that if it were shown conclusively that the alleged fugitives from justice were in Texas at the time of the alleged commis sion of the crime he would be glad to grant

#### BIG HARBOR DREDGE HERE. Can Suck Up the Bottom of the East Channel

at 28,000 Tons an Hour. The steam dredge Thomas, one of the two enormous floating excavators built at Baltimore for the Metropolitan Dredge Company, which has the contract to dredge the East Channel of the lower harbor deep enough to accommodate the largest steamships, arrived at Liberty Island yesterday almost ready to begin work. The Thomas is 800 feet long and 52% feet beam. The dredge looks like an ordinary freighter except for her great beam. Her engines are triple expansion and the dredging appartus includes a 48-inch centrifugal pump and suction pipe. The vessel can hold 28,000 feet of material, which can be loaded in an hour.

The dredge is constructed after plans obtained abroad and improved upon by James Symington, partner of F. Hopkinson Smith, the engineer, painter and novelist. Mr. Smith said yesterday that the suction dredge of the Thomas was of a type powerful enough to suck a small safe from the bottom.

#### WIFE BOUGHT AND SOLD FOR 10 CENTS. The Next Day She Returned to Her Husband

PORT JERVIS, N. Y , Dec. 26. ing Moses Storms, whose wife left him several years ago, appeared before Police Justice Joseph McCormick of this village with a

paper reading as follows:
"This is to certify that I sell my wife. Emma Hull, for ten cents cash I sign, William Hull. I sign, Moses Storms I sign, Emma Hull. I sign, John Hull." Storms said that the transaction implied occurred on Sunday evening when he was calling on the Hull family. The next morning, however, Hull violated his contract, even though it was signed by the two men

by Hull's wife and by his son John, and his

wife returned to him. Storms was angry

and sought redress at the public court

#### The Judge informed his visitor that the "contract" could not stand. GOV. TAYLOR TO STAY IN INDIANA.

Goes Into Partnership for the Practice of Law -The Firm's Members. INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 26.-The announce ment is made to-night that Merrill Moores, Assistant Attorney-General for the past elz years, and former Governor Taylor of Kenyears, and former Governor Laylor of Ren-tucky and R. N. Miller, former Prosecutor of Breckinridge county, Ky., have formed a law partnership and will enter upon the profession as a firm on Jan 1. The firm has engaged quarters in the Law Building. Both Taylor and Miller are under indict-ment in Kentucky for alleged complicity in the murder of Senator Goebel, and both have determined to reside permanently in this city.

this city.

The partnership was formed after consultation with a number of Republican attorneys, all of whom advised Mr. Taylor to settle in this city.

# t. G. VANDERBILT'S GIFT TO YALE.

Sends the University \$25,000 to Be I sed as NEW HAVEN, Conn. Dec. 26-The Rev. Anson Phelps Stokes, Jr., Secretary to the Yale Corporation, said to-night that the responses to President Hadley's appeal for sponses to President Hadley's appeal for the bicentennial Fund were very large to-day. The contributions received amounted to about \$35,000. It was announced to-day that Aifred G. Vanderbilt of New York city, Yale 'se, had recently sent to Morris E. Tyler, Treasurer of Yale University, \$25,000 to be used for the bicentennial Fund, or for any other purpose the Yale authorities decided upon. This is Mr. Vanderbilt's firstgift to Yale.

## SHE FELL UPON A PURSE SNATCHER. Then Mrs. Robinson Remained on Him Until

Her Pocketbook Was Hecovered. Mrs. Mary Robinson of 59 Schaeffer street, Brooklyn, was walking through Macon street, near Marcy avenue, at 6 o'clock last evening when Charles 8 Bailey, 40 years old, of 658 Broadway, snatched her pocketbook containing \$1, she says, and ran away Mrs. Robinson pursued him and just as she came up with Bailey he fell. Mrs. Robinson fell upon him and remained there until a citizen came to her rescue and held Bailey until the arrival of Patrolman Cozine. The pocketbook with its contents was found in Bailey's pocket. He was locked up.

## The Note Forwarded to the Emperor

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26 - A despatch to the Secretary of State from Minister Conger. dated Pekin yesterday, confirms the press announcement that Prince Ching, one of the Chinese Peace Plenipotentiaries, met the foreign Ministers on Dec. 24 and received from them the joint demands of the Powers which he promised to transmit to the Emperor im-mediately. Until the Emperor's answer has been received the negotiations at Pekin will remain at a standstill.

as a rule is closely corked—so is Evans' Excellent Ale—but ever accessible,—Ade.

## ROYALTY TO VISITAMERICA.

#### TALE OF AN INVITATION TO THE RAISER AND THE PRINCE OF WALES.

#### A London Journal Save President McKinley Has Asked Them Here for the International Yacht Races - It's News to Secretary Oddle

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Dec. 27.-Unquestionable authority is claimed by a newspaper here, whose statements sometimes sorely need such support, for the announcement that the New York Yacht Club will formally invite the Prince of Wales and Emperor William to witness the races for the America's Cup. and that President McKinley will concurrently write to the Prince and Emperor inviting them to visit the United States, and expressing the pleasure which the acceptance of the invitation would afford the American nation.

The statement continues: "The people of the United States are verdesirious that the Prince should visit their country again, as they feel that such an act of extreme friendliness would do more to bind the nations firmly in ties of friendship

than anything else that could be imagined. "As for the Kaiser, he has expressed his inclination to visit the United States, and the invitation will be well timed, for his Majesty is a keen yachtsman."

Sir Thomas Lipton, who has lately been guest at Sir Edward Lawson's country house, where the Prince of Wales was simul-

taneously visiting, is credited with saying: "The Prince is taking the liveliest interest in yachting matters. He will sail with me on the Shamrock in the trial races in the spring, but what I desire and what would be extremely pleasing to every one would be the presence of the Prince at the Cup races

at New York. "While in no way speaking for the Prince, I may say that it would be within the range of possibility for him to visit America should events shape themselves properly. The initiative would have to come from America. I think a movement looking toward an invitation to the Prince would not be considered there as other than a very friendly act, and there is more likelihood of such an invitation being accepted than at any time in many years.

The newspaper adds that such a note as President McKinley purposes sending would be unprecedented if assurances more or less satisfactory had not been received that the invitation would be accepted.

Mr. J. V. S. Oddie. Secretary of the New York Yacht Club, was seen at his residence, 59 West Forty-eighth street by a reporter of The Sun last night. He said the New York Yacht Club had not invited the Prince of Wales and Emperor William to witness the Cup races. When asked if it was prob-ble that the club would take such action Mr. Oddie replied: "I know nothing at all about it."

### MURDERED FOR HIS MONEY. Philip Baker, Who Had Just Received \$5,000.

Killed in a Lonely Woods. PRILADELPHIA, Dec. 26 - The body of Philip Baker, a crippled veteran of the Civil War. was found to-day in a patch of woods belonging to T. Henry Asbury at Melrose, on the line of the Reading railroad. There is no doubt that the man was murdered and robbed. Around his neck buried deep in the flesh was a thin cord, and on his head there was a deep cut. He recently received his pension and a few weeks ago received \$5,000 from the Union Traction Company in settlement for an accident in which he had his foot cut off. He was about 65 years old and lived in Camden.

### MINERAL GIVES OFF LIGHT. Curious Discovery Reported From an Idahe

Mine-Its Practical Value. Boist, Idaho, Dec. 26. -George F. Ayres, well-known miner, has unearthed a mineral substance that has illuminating power. He found the stuff at a depth of 800 feet from the surface. He had been running a cross-cut tunnel to tap his ledge at considerable depth and ran across a deposit that gave off enough light so that he could proceed without the aid of his candle. He brought some pieces to the surface and experimented with them in his cabin that night, but they gave only a phosphorescent gleam, not sufficient to see by. In the mine, however, the light was

by. In the mine, however, the light was almost bright.

He imparted the information to Edward Levey, a local assayer, who has since been making investigations. He has found that there is a large deposit of this mineral and that the peculiarity of the atmospheric conditions underground sid in producing the light, which accounts for the difference witnessed on the surface. Levey has been able to reproduce in water the atmospheric conditions that prevail where the mineral is found. Last night he lighted a room so one could read a paper readily. He had several fruit jars partially filled with the mineral, which was covered with a fiuld preparation. The mineral does not need to be kept under water like phosphorus, although the glow in the atmosphere at the surface without the addition of the fluid is much the same as phorphorus. The fluid preparation is a secret.

Mr. Levy says the deposit will make himself and the discoverer rich. While it will not supplant other means of illumination in large places, it can be used in thousands of mining camps where coal oil is very expensive and electricity and gas unobtainable.

#### MILLIONAIRE KILLED IN HIS HOME. Savannah. Mo., Man Shot After Words With as Unidentified Man

St. Joseph, Mo., Dec. 26.—Frank Richardson, a millionaire resident of Savannah, fourteen miles northeast of this city, was murdered in the hallway of his home on Monday night. He was shot in the back of the head, the bullet passing through his brain. Death followed a few minutes later. Mr. Richardson left the mercantile house of Fife

Richardson left the mercantile house of Fife A Richardson, in which he was a partner, as 8 o'clock, telling Mr. Fife he was going home, as he had an engagement with Mrs. Richardson to go to a gathering of friends to celebrate Christmas eve.

Shortly after 9 o'clock he arrived at the front door of his home, where Mrs. Richardson heard him taiking to some one. She heard the person with her husband say: 'Well, has it come to this'.'

Almost instantly there was a report of a revolver, and she rushed to the door to find her husband in the hallway staggering from a fatal wound. He walked into the parlor and fell dead. The person with whom Mr. Richardson had been taiking immediately disappeared. Supption now points strongly to a prominent business man of Savannah as being the murderer, but detectives who are working on the case say they have insufficient evidence to warrant an arrest. It is strongly hinted that there is a woman in the case, although the dead man's domestic relations were of the best. Mr. Richardson was a large holder of American Bisoult stocks.

## LYNCHING SUITS WITHDRAWN.

Widow of W. H. Jenkins Releases Claims Against Seventy Citizens for \$8,000.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Dec. 28 .- On the night of Sept. 14, 1897, a mob broke into the Ripley county jail at Versailles and brutally beat and afterward hanged five of the prisoners. among them being William H. Jenkins. His among them being William H. Jenkins. His widow went to Illinots and there took out letters of administration and afterward brought suit in the Faderal court here against sheriff Bushing for failure to protect her husband from the mob, and against seventy citizens of the county, charging each with complicity in her husband's murder. Today the suits were all compromised and withdrawn, the defendants paying Mrs. Jenkins \$5.000.

Quall on toast and Mallard Duck on the dining trust Croton and pin his faith to the pure carbonated water manufactured by Carl H. Schultz. - Adr.